

# Engineering Data



## Using the Engineering Data

For most of the models & sizes we've done the calculations for you.  
CFM = volume of air flow in cubic feet per minute

421

| Face Velocity      |        | 300  | 400  | 500  | 600  | 700  | 800  |
|--------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Pressure Loss      |        | .006 | .010 | .016 | .022 | .031 | .040 |
| 4x10<br>Ak<br>.170 | CFM    | 50   | 70   | 85   | 100  | 120  | 135  |
|                    | Spread | 4.5  | 5.0  | 6.5  | 7.5  | 9.0  | 10.0 |
|                    | Throw  | 4.0  | 6.0  | 8.0  | 10.0 | 11.0 | 12.5 |

Terminal velocity of 50 fpm

821-defl A

| Face Velocity         |       | 400  | 500  | 600  | 700  | 800  |
|-----------------------|-------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Pressure Loss         |       | .010 | .016 | .022 | .031 | .040 |
| 24 x 8<br>Ak<br>1.045 | CFM   | 420  | 525  | 625  | 730  | 835  |
|                       | Throw | 17.0 | 21.0 | 25.0 | 29.0 | 33.0 |

Terminal velocity is 75 fpm

Face Velocity = speed of air at the face of diffuser in feet per minute (FPM)

Ak = net area in square feet. This is the lab measured area across the face when air is mechanically forced through the opening.

Free Area (if given) = daylight area (in<sup>2</sup>) of blade openings. Free area is typically only required on natural / gravity movement of air, non-mechanically forced, as in free area needed for combustion air requirements on heating equipment. Use the Ak value (\*144 to get to in<sup>2</sup>) if the free area has not been calculated, but is needed for a given size/model grille requiring free area for combustion.

Equation of Airflow: CFM = Ak (ft<sup>2</sup>) x Face Velocity (fpm)

Example from 421 table above: 100 = .17 x 600 \_ numbers are often rounded

## Sizing a Supply

Determine the amount of CFM (air volume) needed for each supply outlet. This should be done by room heating and cooling load requirements from various design manuals (ACCA Man J, ASHRAE Fundamentals Hndbk) and then followed by the duct design and layout.

Face Velocity - H&C recommends sizing a supply outlet in the range of 500 to 800 fpm face velocity (700 being a common target). The upper end of this range will create better mixing of room air and longer throws, which is what the typical forced air system is intended to do. However, the Pressure resistance and Noise must be taken into consideration depending upon the application. In some instances, greater face velocity is allowed because the pressure and noise can be accommodated.

Pressure Loss (inches of w.c.) – the selection of the face velocity must consider the associated pressure loss that deals with each relative model. An increase in face velocity creates more pressure resistance against the blower's delivery of air volume. The velocity ranges given previously will, in most cases, have minor effect on the blower's overall performance given the entire duct system losses that it will encounter.

Noise – an increase in face velocity will create more noise. The tables below show NC design guidelines and also face velocity ranges if NC values have not been tabulated.

| Application                           | Recommended Face Velocities |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Broadcasting Studios                  | <500 FPM                    |
| Residences                            | 500 to 750 FPM              |
| Apartments                            | 500 to 750 FPM              |
| Churches                              | 500 to 750 FPM              |
| Hotel Guestrooms                      | 500 to 750 FPM              |
| Legitimate Theaters                   | 500 to 1000 FPM             |
| Private Offices, acoustically treated | 500 to 1000 FPM             |
| Private Offices, not treated          | 1000 to 1250 FPM            |
| Motion Picture Theaters               | 1000 to 1250 FPM            |
| General Offices                       | 1250 to 1500 FPM            |
| Stores, upper floors                  | 1500 FPM                    |
| Stores, main floors                   | 1500 FPM                    |
| Industrial Buildings                  | 1500 to 2000 FPM            |

|         | Communication Environment  | Typical Occupancy  |
|---------|--|--|
| < NC 25 | Extremely quiet environment; suppressed speech is quite audible; suitable for acute pickup of all sounds.  | Broadcasting studios, concert halls, music rooms.  |
| NC 30   | Very quiet office; suitable for large conferences; telephone use satisfactory.   | Residences, theaters, libraries, executive offices, directors rooms.                             |
| NC 35   | Quiet office; satisfactory for conference at a 15-foot table; normal voice 10 to 30 feet; telephone use satisfactory.                                  | Private offices, schools, hotel guestrooms, courtrooms, churches, hospital rooms.                |
| NC 40   | Satisfactory for conferences at a 6- to 8-foot table; normal voice 6 to 12 feet; telephone use satisfactory.   | General office, labs, dining rooms.  |
| NC 45   | Satisfactory for conferences at a 4- to 5-foot table; normal voice 3 to 6 feet; raised voice 6 to 12 feet; telephone use occasionally difficult.       | Retail stores, cafeterias, lobby areas, large drafting and engineering offices, reception areas. |
| > NC 50 | Unsatisfactory for conference of more than two or three persons; normal voice 1 to 2 feet; raised voice 3 to 6 feet; telephone use slightly difficult. | Computer rooms, stenographic pools, print machine rooms, process areas.                          |

## Sizing a Return

Air volume going back to the air handler (fan) must equal what is supplied from the air handler. Therefore the total CFM capacity of the return grilles must equal or exceed the total CFM capacity of all the supply diffusers.

Keeping face velocity low

- Returns should be at 400-600 fpm maximum
- Filter Returns should be at 450 fpm maximum
- \*ACCA recommends 300 max for filter grilles and 500 max for non-filter grilles.
- The rule of thumb is 2 cfm per square inch of filter size. See table below.
- Low velocity reduces noise, especially on stamped face grilles (672/673); fixed-bar grilles can handle more velocity without noise (94A/96AFB/RH45/RHF45/RCB).
- A single point return cannot be oversized like a supply. The system will not be affected adversely, only improved. \*This does not apply to multiple return locations where balancing is more critical to pull in relevant amounts from each room.
- Static pressure is also reduced. Pressure works against & reduces blower delivery volume (cfm)
- Noise is not expected from a return.

### Location

| Filter Size | Area (in <sup>2</sup> ) | Ton (cfm) | Filter Size | Area (in <sup>2</sup> ) | Ton (cfm) |      |            |
|-------------|-------------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------|-----------|------|------------|
| 12          | 12                      | 144       | n/a         | 20                      | 20        | 400  | 2 (800)    |
| 12          | 20                      | 240       | 1 (400)     | 20                      | 25        | 500  | 2.5 (1000) |
| 12          | 24                      | 288       | 1.5 (600)   | 20                      | 30        | 600  | 3 (1200)   |
| 12          | 30                      | 360       | 1.5 (600)   | 20                      | 36        | 720  | 3 (1200)   |
| 14          | 14                      | 196       | 1 (400)     | 24                      | 24        | 576  | 3 (1200)   |
| 14          | 20                      | 280       | 1.5 (600)   | 24                      | 30        | 720  | 3 (1200)   |
| 14          | 24                      | 336       | 1.5 (600)   | 24                      | 36        | 864  | 4 (1600)   |
| 14          | 30                      | 420       | 2 (800)     | 25                      | 25        | 625  | 3 (1200)   |
| 16          | 20                      | 320       | 1.5 (600)   | 30                      | 30        | 900  | 4 (1600)   |
| 16          | 24                      | 384       | 2 (800)     | 30                      | 36        | 1080 | 5 (2000)   |

- Returns should be put in stagnant air locations that need to be reconditioned.
  - High for cooling mode (hot air rises)
  - Low for heating mode (cold air falls)
  - Both modes, choose a primary season
- Returns should not be near a supply register's throw range. If at all possible place the return at an opposite corner of the room.

### Room Air Movement

- Returns do NOT have much effect on a room's air movement, regardless of face velocity. They only grab air about a duct diameter away from the face. Most of the room air movement is done by the supplies.

## Unlisted Sizes—Engineering Data

When a size is not listed there are a couple ways to do an engineered estimate. Airflow principles permit you to utilize existing sizes to determine sizes not shown.

**Method 1:** Use nearest nominal size table entry. If a 14x14 is not given, but a 20x10 is, since these two sizes have an approximate equal core area (196 and 200) the table entry for a 20x10 can be used to approximate what the 14x14 grille would perform to.

**Method 2:** A more exact method would be to do interpolation process between two listed sizes. If 14x14 is not given, but 18x10 and 20x10 are, then this equation will get more exact 14x14 data.  $Y = Y1$

*Recommended Noise Criteria and Face Velocity Ranges are on page 6*

+  $\frac{[(X - X1) * (Y2 - Y1)]}{(X2 - X1)}$  where:

Y = unknown CFM or throw that is being computed for 14x14

Y1 = CFM or throw of listed 18x10 (for ex 600 cfm)

Y2 = CFM or throw of listed 20x10 (for ex 640 cfm)

X = 196 in<sup>2</sup> (nominal area of 14x14)

X1 = 180 in<sup>2</sup> (nominal area of 18x10)

X2 = 200 in<sup>2</sup> (nominal area of 20x10)

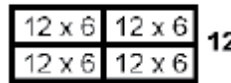
Using equation above computes  $Y = 600 + \frac{[(196 - 180) * (640 - 600)]}{(200 - 180)} =$

$600 + \frac{[16 * 40]}{20} = 600 + 32 = 632$  cfm for Y

**Method 3:** Sizes beyond the table (smaller or larger) can have their CFM or Throw determined by using listed sizes by the following:

CFM for larger sizes:

If **24** looking for 24x6 or 24x12 cfm that is not listed, using the listed 12x6 cfm and doubling it or quadrupling it will give the answer for the 24x6 and 24x12, respectively.



CFM for smaller sizes:

If looking for a 6x6 cfm that is not listed, using the listed 12x6 cfm and halving it will give the answer for a 6x6.

Throw:

Double the size and CFM, multiply the throw by 1.5

Quadruple the size and CFM, multiply the throw by 2

Half the size and CFM, multiply the throw by .67

One quarter the size and CFM, multiply the throw by .5

\*Pressure loss, face velocity and noise criteria will all remain the same relative to the listed size used to determine the larger or smaller sizes not shown.

### 659T/659TI/PFT/PFTI Series Performance

| Average Face Velocity                     |     | 300  | 400  | 500  | 600  |
|---|-----|------|------|------|------|
| <b>659T</b><br>Ak 2.440                   | CFM | 730  | 975  | 1220 | 1465 |
|   | -Ps | .017 | .030 | .047 | .067 |
| <b>PFT</b><br>Ak 2.740                    | CFM | 820  | 1095 | 1370 | 1645 |
|   | -Ps | .028 | .050 | .078 | .113 |
| <b>659-TI</b><br>w/12" collar<br>Ak 2.230 | CFM | 670  | 890  | 1115 | 1340 |
|   | -Ps | .084 | .147 | .230 | .330 |
| w/14" collar<br>Ak 2.260                  | CFM | 680  | 905  | 1130 | 1355 |
|   | -Ps | .060 | .105 | .165 | .240 |
| w/16" collar<br>Ak 2.320                  | CFM | 695  | 930  | 1160 | 1390 |
|   | -Ps | .039 | .068 | .106 | .155 |
| <b>PFTI</b><br>w/12" collar<br>Ak 2.320   | CFM | 770  | 1025 | 1280 | 1535 |
|   | -Ps | .098 | .170 | .265 | .380 |
| w/14" collar<br>Ak 2.590                  | CFM | 775  | 1035 | 1295 | 1555 |
|   | -Ps | .076 | .125 | .200 | .283 |
| w/16" collar<br>Ak 2.630                  | CFM | 790  | 1050 | 1315 | 1580 |
|   | -Ps | .055 | .094 | .145 | .210 |

**Note:** Tested without filters. Typical capacity is 2 CFM per square inch of nominal filter area. Recommended face velocity is 300-450 FPM. Velocities higher will decrease filter performance, increase flow resistance, and possibly be of noise concern. Velocity measured 1" from face.

### 96AFBT/96AFBTI

| Face Velocity            |                           | 300    | 400    | 500    | 600    | 700    |
|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| 20 x 20<br>Ak 2.25       | CFM                       | 675    | 900    | 1125   | 1350   | 1575   |
|                          | Static Pressure (in W.C.) | -0.024 | -0.042 | -0.065 | -0.094 | -0.128 |
| Total Pressure (in W.C.) |                           | -0.018 | -0.032 | -0.050 | -0.072 | -0.098 |

**Note:** Tested without filters. Typical capacity is 2 CFM per square inch of nominal filter area. Recommended face velocity is 300-450 FPM. Velocities higher will decrease filter performance, increase flow resistance, and possibly be of noise concern. Velocity measured 1" from face.

### RE5T/RE5TI REF5T/REF5TI Rezzin Egg Crate RHF45T RH45T

| Average Face Velocity                          |     | 300  | 400  | 500  | 600  | 700  | 800  | 900  | 1000 |
|--|-----|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| <b>RE5T/RE5TI</b><br>22 x 22<br>Ak 3.14        | CFM | 942  | 1256 | 1570 | 1884 | 2198 | 4464 | 5022 | 5320 |
|  | -Ps | .006 | .001 | .016 | .022 | .031 |      |      |      |
| 46 x 22<br>Ak 6.68                             | CFM | 2004 | 2672 | 3340 | 4008 | 4676 |      |      |      |
|  | -Ps | .006 | .001 | .016 | .022 | .031 |      |      |      |
| <b>RH45T</b><br>22 x 22<br>Ak 2.610            | CFM | 785  | 1045 | 1305 | 1565 | 1825 |      |      |      |
|  | -Ps | .015 | .030 | .043 | .062 | .084 |      |      |      |
| 46 x 22<br>Ak 5.460                            | CFM | 1635 | 2180 | 2725 | 3270 | 3815 |      |      |      |
|  | -Ps | .006 | .001 | .016 | .022 | .031 |      |      |      |
| <b>REF5T*/REF5TI*</b><br>20 x 20<br>Ak 2.57    | CF  | 771  | 1028 | 1285 | 1542 | 1799 |      |      |      |
|  | -Ps | .003 | .006 | .010 | .014 | .019 |      |      |      |
| 44 x 20<br>Ak 5.58                             | CFM | 1674 | 2232 | 2790 | 3348 | 3906 |      |      |      |
|  | -Ps | .003 | .006 | .009 | .013 | .018 |      |      |      |
| <b>Rezzin Egg Crate</b><br>20 x 20<br>Ak 1.400 | CFM | 420  | 560  | 700  | 840  | 980  |      |      |      |
|  | -Ps | .004 | .008 | .013 | .018 | .025 |      |      |      |
| <b>RHF45T*</b><br>20 x 20<br>Ak 2.170          | CFM | 650  | 870  | 1085 | 1300 | 1520 |      |      |      |
|  | -Ps | .015 | .025 | .040 | .060 | .080 |      |      |      |
| 44 x 20<br>Ak 4.770                            | CFM | 1430 | 1910 | 2385 | 2860 | 3340 |      |      |      |
|  | -Ps | .015 | .024 | .039 | .058 | .078 |      |      |      |

**Note:** Tested without filters. Typical capacity is 2 CFM per square inch of nominal filter area. Recommended face velocity is 300-450 FPM. Velocities higher will decrease filter performance, increase flow resistance, and possibly be of noise concern. Velocity measured 1" from face.

### 441 & 445

| Neck Velocity      |           | 250  | 350  | 450  | 550  | 650  | 750  | 850  | 1000 | 1200 |
|--------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 6" Diameter        | CFM       | 50   | 70   | 90   | 110  | 130  | 145  | 165  | 195  | 235  |
|                    | Ps        | .004 | .009 | .014 | .021 | .029 | .036 | .046 | .065 | .092 |
|                    | NC        | <20  | <20  | <20  | <20  | <20  | 22   | 26   | 33   | 36   |
| Ak .370<br>Ak .430 | 441 Throw | 5.5  | 7.0  | 9.5  | 11.0 | 14.0 | 16.0 | 18.0 | 22.0 | 24.0 |
|                    | 445 Throw | 4.0  | 5.0  | 6.5  | 8.0  | 10.0 | 11.0 | 13.0 | 15.0 | 17.0 |
| 8" Diameter        | CFM       | 85   | 120  | 155  | 190  | 225  | 260  | 295  | 350  | 420  |
|                    | Ps        | .006 | .011 | .018 | .027 | .037 | .050 | .064 | .090 | .127 |
|                    | NC        | <20  | <20  | <20  | <20  | 22   | 27   | 33   | 35   | 38   |
| Ak .450<br>Ak .530 | 441 Throw | 7.0  | 10.0 | 13.0 | 16.0 | 18.0 | 21.0 | 25.0 | 29.0 | 31.0 |
|                    | 445 Throw | 5.0  | 7.0  | 9.5  | 12.0 | 13.0 | 15.0 | 18.0 | 21.0 | 23.0 |
| 10" Diameter       | CFM       | 135  | 190  | 245  | 300  | 355  | 410  | 465  | 545  | 655  |
|                    | Ps        | .009 | .018 | .030 | .044 | .062 | .082 | .105 | .145 | .212 |
|                    | NC        | <20  | <20  | <20  | 24   | 31   | 34   | 37   | 42   | 44   |
| Ak .530<br>Ak .620 | 441 Throw | 9.0  | 12.0 | 16.0 | 20.0 | 24.0 | 27.0 | 30.0 | 32.0 | 34.0 |
|                    | 445 Throw | 6.5  | 9.0  | 11.0 | 14.0 | 17.0 | 19.0 | 21.0 | 23.0 | 24.0 |
| 12" Diameter       | CFM       | 195  | 275  | 355  | 430  | 510  | 590  | 670  | 785  | 940  |
|                    | Ps        | .013 | .026 | .044 | .064 | .090 | .120 | .155 | .215 | .300 |
|                    | NC        | <20  | <20  | 26   | 33   | 38   | 42   | 44   | 46   | 48   |
| Ak .590<br>Ak .700 | 441 Throw | 10.0 | 13.0 | 19.0 | 25.0 | 30.0 | 32.0 | 33.0 | 34.0 | 35.0 |
|                    | 445 Throw | 7.5  | 9.0  | 14.0 | 17.0 | 21.0 | 23.0 | 24.0 | 25.0 | 26.0 |
| 14" Diameter       | CFM       | 265  | 375  | 480  | 590  | 695  | 800  | 910  | 1070 | 1285 |
|                    | Ps        | .018 | .036 | .059 | .089 | .125 | .165 | .210 | .295 | .410 |
|                    | NC        | <20  | 22   | 29   | 36   | 42   | >45  | >45  | >45  | >45  |
| Ak .640<br>Ak .750 | 441 Throw | 8.0  | 13.0 | 22.0 | 26.0 | 28.0 | 30.0 | 31.0 | 32.0 | 33.0 |
|                    | 445 Throw | 6.0  | 10.0 | 16.0 | 20.0 | 22.0 | 24.0 | 26.0 | 28.0 | 30.0 |

**Note:** The use of a balancing hood is recommended to balance the system.

NC is based on 10dB room attenuation (Re: 10<sup>-12</sup> watts) ASHRAE 36-72.  
Terminal Velocity of 75 FPM

### 442, 443 & 444 SurfAire®

| Neck Velocity      |            | 250     | 350      | 450       | 550       | 650       | 750       | 850       | 1000      | 1200      |
|--------------------|------------|---------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 6" Diameter        | CFM        | 50      | 70       | 90        | 110       | 130       | 145       | 165       | 195       | 235       |
|                    | Ps         | .004    | .009     | .014      | .021      | .029      | .036      | .046      | .065      | .094      |
|                    | NC         | <20     | <20      | <20       | <20       | <20       | 23        | 27        | 31        | 35        |
| Ak .430<br>Ak .430 | 444 Throw  | 3.0     | 3.5      | 4.5       | 6.0       | 7.5       | 8.0       | 9.0       | 11.0      | 12.0      |
|                    | 443 Throw* | 3.0/4.0 | 3.5/5.0  | 4.5/6.5   | 6.0/8.0   | 7.5/10.0  | 8.0/11.0  | 9.0/13.0  | 11.0/15.0 | 12.0/17.0 |
| 8" Diameter        | CFM        | 85      | 120      | 155       | 190       | 225       | 260       | 295       | 350       | 420       |
|                    | Ps         | .006    | .012     | .019      | .029      | .040      | .054      | .070      | .098      | .140      |
|                    | NC         | <20     | <20      | <20       | <20       | 21        | 26        | 31        | 34        | 37        |
| Ak .530<br>Ak .530 | 444 Throw  | 4.0     | 5.0      | 6.5       | 8.0       | 9.5       | 11.0      | 13.0      | 15.0      | 17.0      |
|                    | 443 Throw* | 4.0/5.5 | 5.0/7.0  | 6.5/9.0   | 8.0/11.0  | 9.5/14.0  | 11.0/16.0 | 13.0/19.0 | 15.0/21.0 | 17.0/23.0 |
| 10" Diameter       | CFM        | 135     | 190      | 245       | 300       | 355       | 410       | 465       | 545       | 655       |
|                    | Ps         | .009    | .017     | .028      | .043      | .069      | .098      | .127      | .170      | .240      |
|                    | NC         | <20     | <20      | <20       | 22        | 29        | 35        | 38        | 42        | 46        |
| Ak .620<br>Ak .620 | 444 Throw  | 4.0     | 6.0      | 8.0       | 10.0      | 12.0      | 13.0      | 15.0      | 19.0      | 19.0      |
|                    | 443 Throw* | 4.0/6.0 | 6.0/8.0  | 8.0/11.0  | 10.0/14.0 | 12.0/17.0 | 13.0/19.0 | 15.0/21.0 | 18.0/25.0 | 19.0/26.0 |
| 12" Diameter       | CFM        | 190     | 245      | 355       | 450       | 530       | 590       | 670       | 785       | 940       |
|                    | Ps         | .012    | .024     | .040      | .059      | .082      | .110      | .142      | .195      | .275      |
|                    | NC         | <20     | <20      | <20       | 22        | 28        | 35        | 39        | 44        | 52        |
| Ak .700<br>Ak .700 | 444 Throw  | 5.0     | 7.5      | 10.0      | 11.5      | 14.0      | 16.0      | 18.0      | 19.0      | 20.0      |
|                    | 443 Throw* | 5.0/8.5 | 7.5/11.0 | 10.0/14.0 | 11.5/17.0 | 14.0/19.0 | 16.0/23.0 | 18.0/25.0 | 19.0/26.0 | 20.0/27.0 |
| 14" Diameter       | CFM        | 265     | 375      | 480       | 590       | 695       | 800       | 910       | 1070      | 1285      |
|                    | Ps         | .015    | .031     | .050      | .075      | .105      | .137      | .177      | .245      | .350      |
|                    | NC         | <20     | 21       | 27        | 31        | 36        | 40        | 45        | 48        | 53        |
| Ak .750<br>Ak .750 | 444 Throw  | 6.0     | 9.0      | 11.0      | 14.0      | 17.0      | 19.0      | 20.0      | 22.0      | 24.0      |
|                    | 443 Throw* | 6.0/8.5 | 9.0/13.0 | 11.0/16.0 | 14.0/20.0 | 17.0/24.0 | 19.0/26.0 | 20.0/27.0 | 22.0/28.0 | 24.0/29.0 |

**Note:** The use of a balancing hood is recommended to balance the system.  
NC is based on 10dB room attenuation (Re: 10<sup>-12</sup> watts) ASHRAE 36-72.  
Terminal Velocity of 75 FPM



### 673T, 673TI, 673TPI R6

|                                |                 |       |       |       |       |       |       |       |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 6" Diameter Inlet<br>Ak .730   | CFM             | 100   | 150   | 200   | 225   | 250   | 275   | 300   |
|                                | NC              | <20   | <20   | 21    | 24    | 27    | 30    | 32    |
|                                | Static Pressure | -.057 | -.127 | -.226 | -.287 | -.354 | -.428 | -.509 |
| 8" Diameter Inlet<br>Ak .795   | CFM             | 150   | 200   | 250   | 300   | 400   | 500   | 550   |
|                                | NC              | <20   | <20   | <20   | <20   | 25    | 31    | 36    |
| 10" Diameter Inlet<br>Ak .880  | CFM             | 300   | 400   | 500   | 600   | 700   | 800   | 850   |
|                                | NC              | <20   | <20   | <20   | 24    | 28    | 33    | 35    |
| 12" Diameter Inlet<br>Ak .980  | CFM             | 400   | 500   | 600   | 700   | 800   | 1000  | 1200  |
|                                | NC              | <20   | <20   | <20   | <20   | 22    | 28    | 34    |
| 14" Diameter Inlet<br>Ak 1.105 | CFM             | 600   | 700   | 800   | 1000  | 1200  | 1400  | 1600  |
|                                | NC              | <20   | <20   | <20   | 20    | 24    | 28    | 34    |
| 16" Diameter Inlet<br>Ak 1.240 | CFM             | 800   | 1000  | 1200  | 1600  | 1800  | 2000  | 2200  |
|                                | NC              | <20   | <20   | <20   | 25    | 28    | 31    | 36    |